

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

BIOLOGY 5090/21
Paper 2 Theory May/June 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Cambridge Assessment
International Education

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Generic Marking Principles

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These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do

marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

; separates marking points

I alternatives

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied

R reject

A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

Ig ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)

ORA or reverse argument

underline actual word underlined must be used by candidate

+ statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

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Question	An	swer	Marks	Guidance
1(a)(i)	(1) 6; 3; 3; 3;			4
1(a)(ii)	correct shape ; correct labels ;		:	2
1(b)		/ more leaves / algal bloom AW ;	,	If the account is in a logical sequence, marks may be awarded from either side of table
	reference to nitrate production for protein;	decomposition / O ₂ used or respiration by bacteria;		table
	more food for water beetle / snail;	less food for water beetle / snail;		
	more food for frogs;	less food for frogs;		
	population of frogs increases;	population of frogs decreases;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)(i)	sperm;	1	
2(a)(ii)	testis correctly labelled with X ;	1	
2(a)(iii)	sperm cells / gamete + meiosis OR other cells + mitosis; different allele combinations on chromosomes; reference to (nucleus of sperm) haploid / half number AW; reference to restoration of diploid / full number AW; (upon) fertilisation / fusion of gametes;	3	Marks can be awarded under cause of difference or explanation
2(b)	male / sperm + small(er); male / sperm + motile / mobile / can swim AW;	2	
2(c)	zygote; fertilisation; uterus / womb;	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(a)	reference to structures on top of fruit;	3	
	increases surface area;		
	delays descent / wind catches beneath structures / floats AW;		
3(b)(i)	time taken increases + distance travelled increases OR proportional;	1	
3(b)(ii)	6;	1	

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Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(b)(iii)	(fruits / seeds) will travel further;	4	
	away from plant ;		
	away from other fruit / seeds / scattered ;		
	colonise other areas ;		
	reduced competition / prevent overcrowding;		
	competition for light / water / nutrients;		
	increased chance of + new plant / reproduction / germination AW;		
3(c)	environmental condition temperature / water / oxygen ;	2	R air
	explanation; (temperature) reference to enzyme activity (water) reference to solution / softening / rupture of testa / enzyme activity / transport (oxygen) reference to respiration		

Question	An	swer	Marks	Guidance
4(a)	contain oxygenated blood A + B + C;	contain deoxygenated blood D + E + F;	2	A one or two correct letters in both boxes for 1 mark in total
4(b)(i)	blood to or from the lungs any two of F + B + C; three correct F + B + C;;	blood to or from the body tissues any two of A + D + E; three correct A + D + E;;	4	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(b)(ii)	higher (to the body tissues) AW;	1	
4(b)(iii)	left ventricle;	3	ORA for right ventricle for all points
	thicker AW;		
	muscle;		
	greater + contraction / force (applied to blood) AW;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(a)(i)	very AW small ;	3	
	protein coat / capsid;		
	no membrane / no cytoplasm / no nucleus / non-cellular / no organelles ;		
	nucleic acid / DNA / RNA ;		
	parasitic / (may be) pathogen(ic) / cause disease / non-living AW;		
	unaffected by antibiotics ;		
5(a)(ii)	reference to immune / immunity (system or affected);	2	
	reference to reduced AW + antibody production;		
	reference to reduced AW + phagocytic action;		
5(b)(i)	barrier contraception / correct named contraceptive method e.g. condom;	2	A avoid unprotected sex
	abstinence;		
	only one partner AW ;		
	reference to use of anti-retroviral drugs;		
5(b)(ii)	sharing + needles / sharp objects / toothbrushes;	2	
	blood transfusion / contact ;		
	from mother to baby / across placenta / during birth / during breast-feeding;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6	(J) cuticle;	10	Note marking points must not be transferred between the sections
	waterproof / waxy AW;		
	prevents / reduces + water loss / transpiration / evaporation;		
	(K) xylem;		R 'phloem' for xylem
	transport + water;		
	from named location to named higher location;		
	(L) spongy;		
	air / intercellular + spaces;		
	water film AW ;		
	evaporation / water vapour ;		
	diffusion;		
	(M) stoma / stomata;		
	guard cell;		
	open/close;		
	reference to water <u>vapour</u> + exits;		
	diffusion;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(a)	form / version;	2	
	gene;		
	reference to codes for / specifies production of + protein;		
	reference to dominant / recessive;		
7(b)	BB; x Bb;	8	Allow any order within each marking point
	B+B+B+b;		
	BB + Bb;		
	Bb (black); x bb (white);		
	B+b+b;		
	Bb + bb;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8(a)	named stimulus / trigger for a specific reflex action;	4	
	correct named receptor for stimulus given ;		
	action described correct for example given ;		
	importance of specific action explained;		
8(b)	synapse (anywhere in sequence);	6	
	impulse / electrical pulse (anywhere in sequence);		Ig signal / message
	receptor;		
	detection of stimulus ;		
	then sensory neurone;		
	relay / inter(mediate) / connector neurone;		
	reference to CNS / brain / spinal cord ;		
	then motor neurone;		
	effector / named effector;		
	action of effector or described;		

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1 ODEIGHED				
Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
9(a)	parameter / condition e.g. temperature ;	4		
	change from set point / norm AW;			
	detected;			
	reference to communication or named method (e.g.nerve / impulse / hormone);			
	reference to control centre / coordinator / hypothalamus / brain;			
	response / corrective mechanism(s);			
	reversal /correction of initial change / return to set point or norm ;			

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9(b)	any two from nerve ending / blood vessels / sweat gland / hair ;;	2	
	(nerve ending) detects / receptor;	4	
	change / increase in temperature;		
	impulse / (message) to brain;		
	(blood vessels) dilate;		A if with reference to capillaries
	more blood to surface of skin ;		
	reference to capillaries;		
	reference to increased radiation / heat loss;		
	(sweat gland / duct) secretion / release / skin surface + sweat;		
	reference to evaporation ;		
	(hair) lowers ;		
	less air trapped / loss of insulation;		

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